

Homework #3

① (a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 x(t) &= e^{-2t} u(t-1) \\
 &= \underbrace{e^{-2} e^{-2(t-1)}}_{\substack{e^{-2t} u(t) \\ + \text{delay by 1}}} u(t-1) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} e^{-2} \frac{e^{-s}}{s+2}
 \end{aligned}$$

① (c) Directly from Laplace table (line 6)

$$\sin(100t) u(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{100}{s^2 + 10000}$$

② (a)
$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 5s + 6} = \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+2)} = \frac{A_1}{s+3} + \frac{A_2}{s+2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} x(t) = (A_1 e^{-3t} + A_2 e^{-2t}) u(t) \\
 &\text{(no need to compute } A_1 \text{ \& } A_2)
 \end{aligned}$$

③ (a) Since the system is represented by a Linear differential equation with non-zero initial conditions, then it is a nonlinear system $\Rightarrow$ no transfer function

Hard Way: take Laplace transform

$$Y(s) [s^2 + s - 2] = sX(s) - \underbrace{x(0)}_{=1} + X(s)$$

$$= X(s) [s+1] - 1$$

Not possible to obtain $\frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = H(s) !$